## National Curriculum: Progression in Reading



Reading Progression Skills					
	Foundation Stage				
<ul> <li>30 – 50 Months</li> <li>Enjoys rhyming and rhythmic activities.</li> <li>Shows awareness of rhyme and alliteration.</li> <li>Recognises rhythm in spoken words.</li> <li>Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, one-to-one and also in small groups.</li> <li>Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories.</li> <li>Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured.</li> <li>Suggests how the story might end.</li> <li>Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall.</li> <li>Describes main story settings, events and principal characters.</li> <li>Shows interest in illustrations and print in books and print in the environment.</li> <li>Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos.</li> <li>Looks at books independently.</li> <li>Handles books carefully.</li> <li>Knows information can be relayed in the form of print.</li> <li>Holds books the correct way up and turns pages.</li> <li>Knows that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>40 – 60 Months</li> <li>Continues a rhyming string.</li> <li>Hears and says the initial sound in words.</li> <li>Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them.</li> <li>Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet.</li> <li>Begins to read words and simple sentences.</li> <li>Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books.</li> <li>Enjoys an increasing range of books.</li> <li>Knows that information can be retrieved from books and computers.</li> </ul> ELG 09 Reading: <ul> <li>Children read and understand simple sentences</li> <li>They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately • They also read some common irregular words</li> <li>They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read</li> </ul>				

	Years 1	Years 2	Key Stage 2 (Years 3 & 4)	Key Stage 2 (Years 3 & 4)
Word Reading	* apply phonic knowledge and sk as the route to decode words * respond speedily with the corre sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes * read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught * read common exception words noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word * read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings * read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs * read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s) * read aloud accurately books the are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do no require them to use other strategate to work out words * re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in wore reading.	phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent reading is fluent reading is fluent reading the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above read words containing common suffixes read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding	♣ apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet ♣ read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.	Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.

		improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation * re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.		
Comprehension	Develop pleasure in reading,	Develop pleasure in	Develop positive attitudes to reading and	Maintain positive attitudes to reading and
	motivation to read, vocabulary and	reading, motivation to	understanding of what they read by:	understanding of what they read by:
	understanding by:	read, vocabulary and	♣ listening to and discussing a wide range of	*continuing to read and discuss an
	♣ listening to and discussing a wide	understanding by:	fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference	increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry,
	range of poems, stories and non-	♣ listening to,	books or textbooks	plays, non-fiction and reference books or
	fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently	discussing and expressing views about	reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of	textbooks  * reading books that are structured in
	# being encouraged to link what	a wide range of	purposes	different ways and reading for a range of
	they read or hear read to their own	contemporary and	using dictionaries to check the meaning of	purposes
	experiences	classic poetry, stories	words that they have read	♣ increasing their familiarity with a wide
	♣ becoming very familiar with key	and non-fiction at a	# increasing their familiarity with a wide range	range of books, including myths, legends
	stories, fairy stories and traditional	level beyond that at	of books, including fairy stories, myths and	and traditional stories, modern fiction,
	tales, retelling them and considering	which they can read	legends, and retelling some of these orally	fiction from our literary heritage, and books
	their particular characteristics	independently	♣ identifying themes and conventions in a wide	from other cultures and traditions
<ul> <li>♣ recognising and joining in with predictable phrases</li> <li>♣ learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart</li> <li>♣ discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known</li> </ul>	recognising and joining in with	discussing the	range of books	recommending books that they have read to
	predictable phrases	sequence of events in	♣preparing poems and play scripts to read	their peers, giving reasons for their choices
	= **	books and how items	aloud and to perform, showing understanding	♣ identifying and discussing themes and
		of information are	through intonation, tone, volume and action	conventions in and across a wide range of
		related	discussing words and phrases that capture	writing
	<u> </u>	♣ becoming	the reader's interest and imagination	# making comparisons within and across
	increasingly familiar with and retelling a	* recognising some different forms of poetry	books	
	Understand both the books they can	wider range of stories,	[for example, free verse, narrative poetry]	# learning a wider range of poetry by heart
	already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by:	fairy stories and	Understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by:	preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding
	# drawing on what they already	traditional tales	* checking that the text makes sense to them,	through intonation, tone and volume so that
know or on background information	♣ being introduced to	discussing their understanding and explaining	the meaning is clear to an audience	
	and vocabulary provided by the	non-fiction books that	the meaning of words in context	Understand what they read by:
	teacher	are structured in	* asking questions to improve their	,,
		different ways	understanding of a text	

- checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
- discussing the significance of the title and events
- making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- ♣ predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
- \* participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say
- \* explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.

- recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry
- discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary
- discussing their favourite words and phrases
- A continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear
- Understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:
- A drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher
- checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
- ♣ making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done

- A drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- ♣ predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- ♣ identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these
- ♣ identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning
- \* retrieve and record information from nonfiction
- \* participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.

- checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context
- ♣ asking questions to improve their understanding
- A drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- ♣ predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- ♣ summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas
- ♣ identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
- discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader
- ♣ distinguish between statements of fact and opinion
- ♣ retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction
- \* participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously
- \* explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary
- ♣ provide reasoned justifications for their views.

♣ answering and
asking questions
♣ predicting what
might happen on the
basis of what has been
read so far
♣ participate in
discussion about
books, poems and
other works that are
read to them and
those that they can
read for themselves,
taking turns and
listening to what
others say
♣ explain and discuss
their understanding of
books, poems and
other material, both
those that they listen
to and those that they
read for themselves.